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Executive summary

Nationale-Nederlanden Bank N.V.

- Fifth largest Dutch retail banking franchise (based on balance sheet size)
- 100% subsidiary of NN Group N.V.
- Established in 2011 and operates in the Netherlands under the brand name 'Nationale-Nederlanden'
- Shares client base, distribution and marketing with other NN entities
- Built around long-standing mortgage business (since 1963)
- Significant player in Dutch residential mortgage loan and retail savings markets

Purpose, ambition and strategy

- Purpose: to help people care for what matters most to them
- Ambition: to be known for its customer engagement, talented people and contribution to society
- To realise NN Bank's ambitions, NN Bank has defined five key strategic priorities:
 - Strong customer relationships
 - Data-driven business
 - People and organization
 - Broadening of the business model
- Sustainable company and society
- Committed to further enhancing sustainability and social responsibility

Financials at 30 June 2021

- Total assets of EUR 24.8bn; residential mortgage loan book of EUR 20.7bn
- NN Bank services over EUR 53bn of mortgage loans
- Return on equity of 11.1%;
 Cost/income ratio of 50.7%
- Net profit of EUR 65m in 1H21, up 5% from EUR 62m in 1H20 driven by higher commission income and lower impairment charges
- Solid capital position: CET1 ratio of 18.6% (Standardised Approach), Total Capital Ratio of 20.0%
- NN Bank's A- rating from S&P (stable outlook) reflects its "highly strategic importance" for NN Group

Funding diversification

- Diversified funding mix, in terms of investors, markets and maturities
- Funding comprises of retail savings (EUR 16.1bn) and wholesale funding (EUR 6.3bn)
- Soft Bullet covered bond programme used to raise secured funding up to 20-year tenors
- Debt Issuance Programme used to issue both senior preferred and non-preferred debt
- NN Bank has published its Green Bond Framework with a focus on residential real estate
- No resolution strategy has yet been defined for NN Bank by the National Resolution Authority



• All financial information included in this Investor Presentation is based on the 30 June 2021 Condensed consolidated interim financial information of Nationale-Nederlanden Bank N.V. published 27 August 2021 (unless stated otherwise). This financial information may deviate from the financial information of the segment Banking in NN Group.

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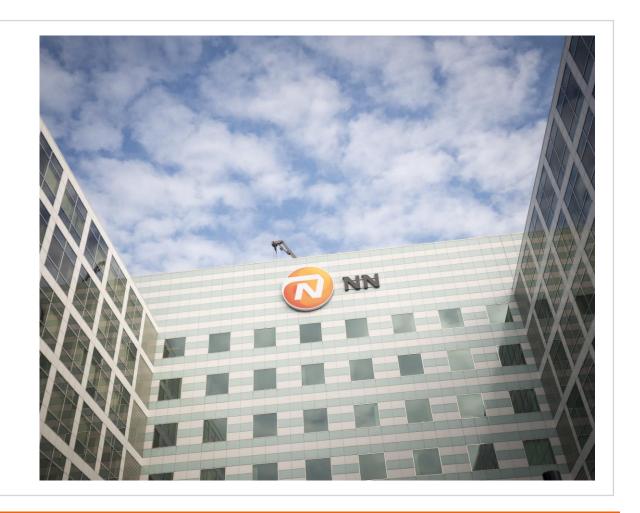


1 Strategy and business highlights



NN Bank profile

- Nationale-Nederlanden Bank ('NN Bank') is the fifth largest Dutch retail banking franchise, based on balance sheet size
- 100% subsidiary of NN Group N.V.
- Significant player in Dutch residential mortgage loans and retail savings,
 with more than one million retail clients in the Netherlands
- Established in 2011
- Built around long-standing Nationale-Nederlanden mortgage business (since 1963)
- Distribution both direct (savings) and via intermediaries (mortgages)
- Origination and servicing for own balance sheet but also for other group entities and external investors, generating fee income
- 1,179 total FTE as per end of 2020
- Long-term credit rating of A- and short-term rating of A-1 from S&P; stable outlook





Parent company: NN Group



Overview of NN Group

- International financial services company, active in 19 countries with a strong presence in Europe and Japan
- Provides retirement services, pensions, insurance, investments and banking to approximately 18 million customers
- Financial Strength Ratings: AA-/stable (Fitch), A/stable (S&P)
- Listed on Euronext Amsterdam since 2 July 2014
- Shareholders' equity of EUR 32.9bn at 30 June 2021

NN Group has leading market positions

- #1 Life insurer in the Netherlands: market share of 40% in group pensions and 21% in individual life
- #1 Non-life insurer in the Netherlands: market share¹ of 32% in Disability & Accident and 25% in Property & Casualty
- Top 3 player in CEE² focused on life and voluntary pensions
- Market leader in corporate-owned life insurance (COLI) products in Japan
- NN Investment Partners with AuM of EUR 298bn at 30 June 2021; on 19 August 2021, NN Group announced that it has agreed to sell its asset manager NN Investment Partners to Goldman Sachs Group

Source: NN Group

- 1. By GWP (2019), only Dutch insurers that are subject to DNB supervision; source: DNB and CVS
- 2. Central and Eastern Europe



NN Bank's added value to NN Group

NN Bank is highly strategically important for NN Group

- Operating under the Nationale-Nederlanden brand since its start in 2011
- Fully-owned subsidiary of NN Group N.V. and a fellow subsidiary of the Dutch insurance entities, i.e. NN Life and NN Non-life
- NN Bank has an A- rating from S&P (stable outlook) reflecting the "highly strategical importance" of the bank for NN Group

Cross-sell opportunities

- Sharing client base, distribution and marketing with other NN entities in the Netherlands
- Offering banking products complementary to Nationale-Nederlanden's individual life and nonlife insurance products for retail customers
- Servicing over one million customers



2 Originate high-quality mortgage loans

- NN Bank is NN Group's mortgage originator and servicer in the Netherlands
- Providing mortgage investment opportunities with good investment return for other NN companies and customers of NN Investment Partners
- Servicing over EUR 32bn of mortgage loans for other NN Group entities

3 Financially sound bank

- With its business model, NN Bank realises a strong operating result and a healthy return on equity (11.1% in 1H21)
- NN Bank accounts for 7% of NN Group's operating result





NN Bank key figures

Financial as per 1H21

Return on equity

11.1%

1H20: 11.9%

Net interest margin

1.02%

1H20: 1.08%

Net portfolio growth savings in 1H21

EUR 0.4bn

Cost/income ratio

50.7%

Net result

Risks costs (IFRS)

EUR 64.6m

1H20: € 61.7m

EUR -6.5m

1H20: € 2.0m

1H20: 51.0%

Total capital ratio

20.0%

31 Dec 2020: 18.1%

Net portfolio growth mortgages in 1H21

EUR 0.5bn

Non-Financial as per end of 2020

Net promotor score

+18.9

2019: +11.0

Number of customers

1,047,000

2019: 980,000

Employee engagement

7.7

2019: 7.5

Internal and external FTE

1,179

2019: 1,159

Diversity male/ female ratio in MT

56%/44%

2019: 63%/37%

Energy label 'A' as % of mortgage portfolio

23%

2019: 21%



Creating long-term value for our stakeholders





Retail-focused business model

NN Bank is the fifth largest Dutch retail banking franchise

- Providing retail customers with mortgage loans, savings and bank annuities, supplemented by retail investment and consumer loan products
- National player, with coverage of all Dutch regions, operating under a strong and well-known household name, Nationale-Nederlanden

Mortgages: significant experience in origination and servicing

- Nationale-Nederlanden's track record in in-house mortgage loan origination, servicing and arrears management goes back to 1963
- Originated EUR 4.4bn of mortgage loans in 1H21, stable compared to first half of 2020
- NN Bank services in total over EUR 53bn of mortgage loans
- Offering reset tenors in range 1 month to 30 years
- Mortgage loans distributed via intermediaries
- No branch network
- Risk-based pricing policy introduced in 2019¹

Market share 2020 mortgage origination in the Netherlands²

6.6%

2 Savings: savings on demand and pension savings are two strong pillars

- Savings on demand and fixed-term deposits (EUR 7.7bn):
 - o Consumers save mainly to build a buffer against unforeseen expenses
 - Low-cost online savings platform
 - Offering on demand savings account in Spain
- Fiscal-driven pension savings, called bank annuities (EUR 6.7bn):
 - supplementary pension savings: tax-incentivised annuities on a blocked savings account up to pension date
 - supplementary pension benefits: pay-out of built-up pension savings (annuity) over time

Market share 2020 total savings amount in the Netherlands²

4.0%



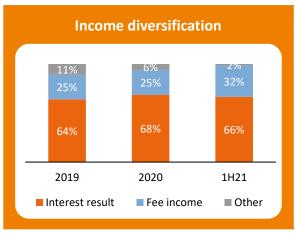
2. Source: Kadaster (mortgage loans) and DNB (savings amount), December 2020



Financially sound bank with diversified income model

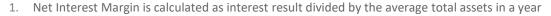


- Lower interest expenses following lower wholesale funding costs and a decrease in client rates on the savings portfolio
- Limited flexibility to further reduce rates on the retail savings portfolios puts pressure on NN Bank's interest margin



- Originating and servicing of mortgage loans for third parties
- Management advisory and servicing of investment portfolios for retail clients
- Woonnu² is a platform that generates more fee business for NN Bank through the sale and servicing of mortgage loans

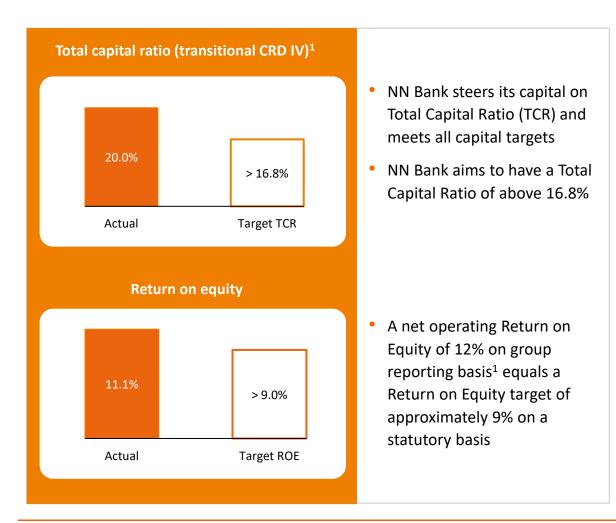
(Amounts in EUR m)	1H21	1H20
Interest income	295	313
Interest expense	(167)	(179)
Interest result	129	133
Net fee and commission income	62	51
Gains and losses on financial transactions and other income	0	11
Valuation results on non-trading derivatives	3	1
Total income	194	197
Staff expenses	(62)	(56)
Impairment charges	7	(2)
Regulatory levies	(16)	(12)
Other operating expenses	(36)	(44)
Total operating expenses	(107)	(114)
Result before tax	86	82
Taxation	(22)	(21)
Net result	65	62

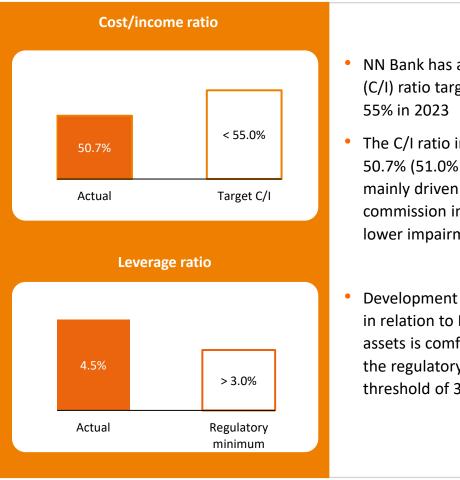


2. On 17 August 2020, NN Bank introduced Woonnu, a 100% subsidiary of NN Bank. With a contemporary proposition that focuses on sustainability, Woonnu is building a new mortgage portfolio for investors. The servicing of the mortgage portfolio has been outsourced.



Long-term financial targets





- NN Bank has a cost/income (C/I) ratio target of below
- The C/I ratio improved to 50.7% (51.0% in 1H20), mainly driven by higher commission income and lower impairment charges
- Development of core equity in relation to NN Bank's total assets is comfortably above the regulatory minimum threshold of 3%



1. On 24 June 2020, NN Group announced in its Capital Markets Day a net operating return on equity target for NN Bank of 12% or higher in the medium term

Sustainable company & society is one of five strategic priorities of NN Bank

NN Bank's commitment to the climate agreement:

- We have insight into our carbon footprint and publish it
- We set concrete goals and draw up an action plan to contribute to the Dutch Climate Agreement
- We offer and develop services and financial solutions for our customers
- We evaluate our progress periodically and at least annually

Excellent customer experience

Net promoter score of +18.9



Positive contribution to society

Mortgages with an A energy label: 23%



Engaged Employees

Employee engagement score: 7.7



Engaged Employees

Women in Management Team NN Bank: 44%



- To underline our ambition, NN Group endorsed various commitments, such as the commitment of the financial sector to the <u>Dutch Climate Agreement</u> (Klimaatakkoord)
- The Netherlands has converted the Paris Agreement into a Dutch Climate Policy. The Climate Act stipulates that our country must reduce CO₂ emissions by 49% in 2030 and by 95% in 2050, compared with 1990
- As a bank, we can make a significant contribution to reducing carbon emissions. One of the ways in which we do this, is by making real estate more sustainable. Customers will also be encouraged to reduce their CO₂ emissions where possible and helped to do so with products and services such as Woonnu and Powerly
- Recently, NN Bank joined the Energy Efficient Mortgage Initiative
 and the Energy Efficient Mortgage Label. The objective of the
 initiatives is to stimulate and finance investment in energy
 efficient buildings and energy saving renovations, and by doing so
 help to secure a greener and more sustainable future for all



NN Bank enhancing sustainability & social responsibility

Sustainable housing

- As a mortgage provider, NN Bank wants to contribute to the reduction of greenhouse gas emission in houses we finance
- NN Bank offers financing options to make homes more sustainable and to source green mortgages for ourselves, and also for third parties

Engage with our customers to support them in dealing with climate change-relate impacts and encourage our customers to reduce emissions by making their homes more sustainable

Social responsibility

NN Bank wishes to help customers who have financial difficulties. The Bank provides coaching and tools intended to generate more income, reduce costs, reduce monthly mortgage payments or a combination of all of these

Woonnu

- Woonnu brings fundamental changes to the mortgage process by firmly integrating the sustainability advice into the mortgage application process and managing the property renovation
- Percentage of energy label A in the Woonnu portfolio as at end of 2020 was 91%



Powerly

Offering online home improvement advice; based on a property check for energyefficiency measures such as insulation, solar panels, heat pump etc. are offered and executed by affiliated partners



Nova

NOVA helps by dividing payments into categories and providing clear information on all transactions through the bank account

NOVA



2. Capital, liquidity and funding



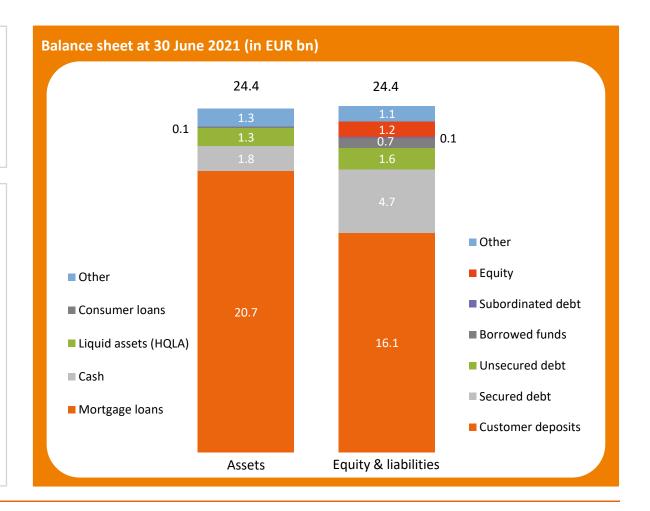
Balance sheet composition

Assets

- Dutch residential mortgage loans (83% of the balance sheet)
- High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) portfolio of EUR 1.3bn
- 33% of outstanding mortgage amounts are guaranteed through NHG

Liabilities

- Well-diversified funding mix, based on three main pillars:
 - Customer deposits (65% of the balance sheet at 30 June 2021)
 - Secured funding through issuance of covered bonds
 - Unsecured funding (including MREL)¹
- Total secured funding portfolio of EUR 4.7bn consists of EUR 0.4bn securitisations and EUR 4.3bn covered bonds
- In 1H21, NN Bank redeemed the Arena NHG 2016-I and Hypenn RMBS V securitisation transactions on their respective FORD²
- Limited participation in TLTRO III

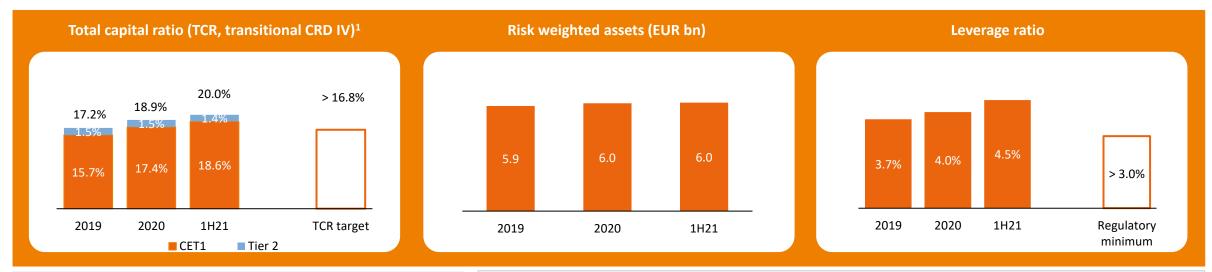








Strong capital position provides significant buffer



Solid capital position

- Capital position exceeds regulatory target/requirements
- Limited impact of Basel IV as NN Bank uses Standardised Approach for both credit and operational risk
- Self-funded growth: internal capital generation through retained profits

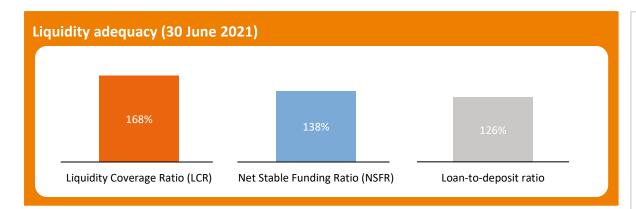
Dividend policy

- In line with NN Group's policy to manage excess capital at Group level, dividend is paid out if NN Bank's total capital ratio exceeds a minimum target¹
- A 2019 interim dividend of EUR 26.2m was paid in 2019. In line with the ECB and DNB recommendations in light of the current Covid-19 pandemic no final dividend over 2019, no interim dividend over 2020 and a limited final dividend over 2020 of EUR 12.0 million was paid
- NN Bank is considering payment of an interim dividend in October 2021, in light of the recent ECB communication with respect to not extending the recommendation on dividend restriction beyond September 2021



^{1.} NN Bank aims to pay dividends to its shareholder on a semi-annual basis, while ensuring that the capital ratios show stable development that remains well within NN Bank's risk appetite and the regulatory required capital ratios

Conservative approach to liquidity management



Sources of liquidity

- NN Bank has an on-balance sheet HQLA (High Quality Liquid Assets) portfolio and cash available to manage the LCR
- On 30 June 2021, NN Bank had a LCR ratio of 168%
- Other sources of liquidity available:
 - Large portfolio of retained RMBS notes, which can be used for ECB standing facilities and other secured funding transactions
 - Two credit facilities in place with NN Group, one of which secures NN Bank's liquidity needs related to variation margin calls

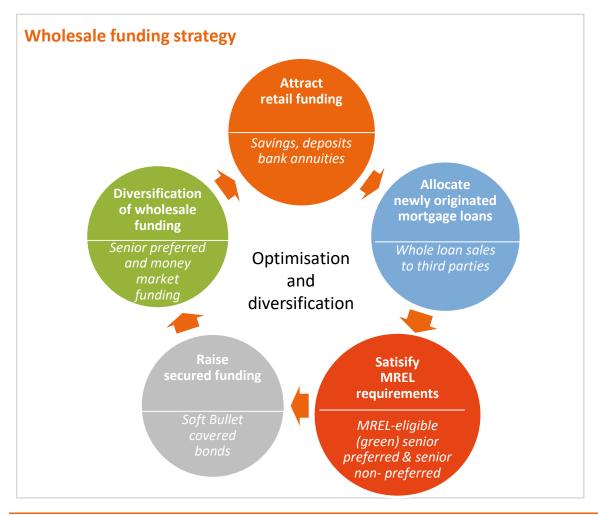
Measurement and monitoring of funding position

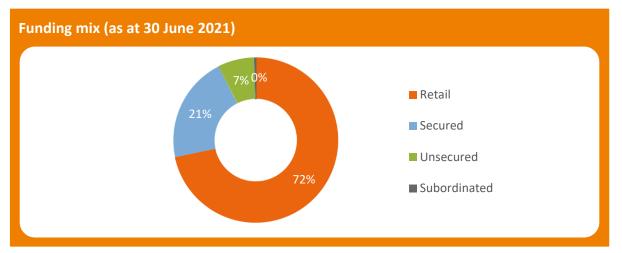
- NSFR ratio¹:
 - Incentive to fund NN Bank's activities from stable sources of funding on an ongoing basis
 - On 30 June 2021, NN Bank had a NSFR ratio of 138%. This is well above regulatory and internal minimums
- Loan to Deposit (LtD) ratio²:
 - Diversification of NN Bank's funding base and indication of the bank's dependence on wholesale funding for financing client loans
 - On 30 June 2021, NN Bank had a LtD ratio of 126%

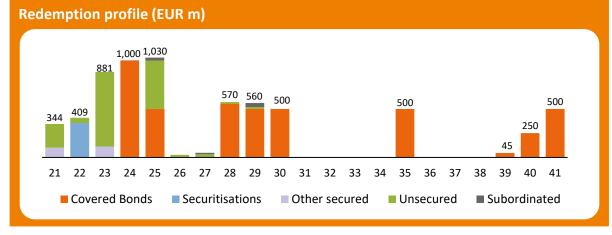


- 1. NSFR is defined as the amount of available stable funding relative to the amount of required stable funding
- 2. Loan-to-deposit ratio is calculated by dividing the bank's total volume of commercial loans by its retail deposits

Focus funding strategy on optimisation and diversification





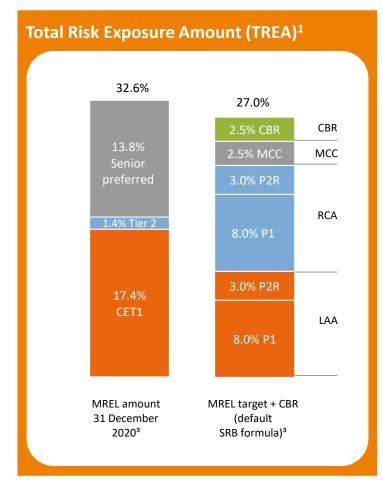


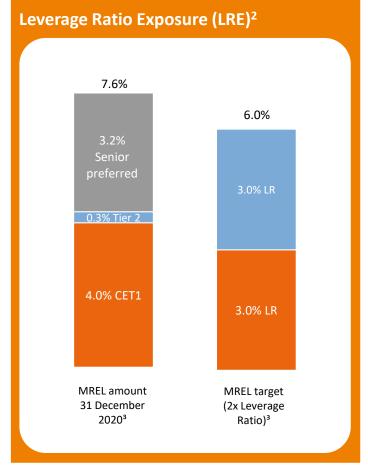


Minimum Required Eligible Liabilities

NN Bank meeting MREL requirements

- NN Bank intends to meet MREL requirements with a combination of equity, Tier 2 and senior (non) preferred
- The interim (1 Jan 2022) and final (1 Jan 2024) MREL requirements for NN Bank are expected to be communicated by the National Resolution Authority (NRA) in 4Q21
- Although there is no subordination target applicable to NN Bank at this stage, this may change going forward
- If a MREL subordination target becomes applicable, NN Bank aims to fulfil this target through the issuance of senior non preferred debt
- To meet the indicative MREL-TREA target + CBR of 27%³ as of 1 Jan 2024, NN Bank expects to issue EUR 0.5-1.0bn of senior non preferred until the end of 2023







Based on the SRB's MREL Policy under the Banking Package disclosed by the SRB in May 2021

- 1. LAA (P1 + P2R) + RCA (P1 + P2R) + MCC + CBR, where LAA: Loss Absorbing Amount, RCA: Recapitalization Amount, MCC: Market Confidence Charge, CBR: Combined Buffer Requirement
- 2. LR: Leverage Ratio
- 3. Target as at 1 January 2024. The indicative MREL targets and/or actual exposures may be subject to change as a result of TREA development, future SREP requirements and regulatory developments in Dutch legislation

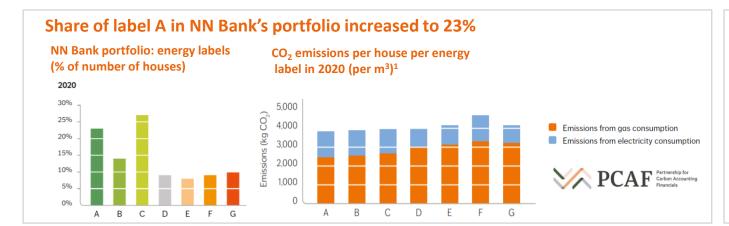
NN Bank's Green Bond Framework

The NN Bank Green Bond Framework follows the ICMA Green Bond Principles (GBP) 2018 edition

- Use of Proceeds
 Green Buildings meeting the Use of Proceeds eligibility criteria
- Process for Project Evaluation and Selection
 Loan selection in accordance with Use of Proceeds eligibility criteria and carried out by NN Bank's Treasury team
- Management of Proceeds
 Portfolio approach: the Eligible Green Portfolio matches or exceeds the amount of eligible bonds outstanding. NN Bank's Treasury team will track allocation of proceeds to Eligible Green Loans

- Reporting
 - Reporting on the allocation of net proceeds to the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio after a year from the issuance of the applicable Green Bonds Impact report aligned, on a best effort basis, with the portfolio approach described in "Handbook Harmonized Framework for Impact Reporting (December 2020)"
- External Review
 Positive SPO by Sustainalytics





Framework follows best practice and latest market developments

- Recommendations of the draft TEG² report on the EU Taxonomy and draft delegated act on the EU Taxonomy
- Do No Significant Harm "DNSH" elements associated with the residential mortgage portfolio are mitigated through a reliance on the Dutch regulatory requirements applicable to the development and refurbishment of residential buildings
- CBI Low Carbon Buildings Standards



2. Technical Expert Group on Sustainable Finance



Credit ratings

Credit rating reflects NN Bank's "highly strategic importance" for NN Group

- Short-term credit rating of A-1 by Standard & Poors (S&P)
- Long-term credit rating of A- (stable outlook) by S&P, reflecting that NN Bank:
 - o is a fully owned subsidiary of NN Group
- is closely linked to the Group's reputation, dependent on its brand recognition and operates in line with the Group's overall strategy
- supports the Group's cross selling strategy in the Netherlands and facilitates the Group's asset and liability management
- Expected senior non preferred rating of BBB+ by S&P, one notch lower than NN Bank's long-term credit rating, reflecting:
 - the risk the noteholders would be bailed in before senior preferred debt in the event of the bank's resolution
 - that NN Bank would benefit from implicit group support, due to what S&P sees as its highly strategic status within NN Group

NN Bank N.V.						
ST issuer rating, outlook	A-1 stable					
LT issuer rating, outlook	A- stable					
Expected senior non preferred rating	BBB+					
Rating affirmation	29 Sep 2020					

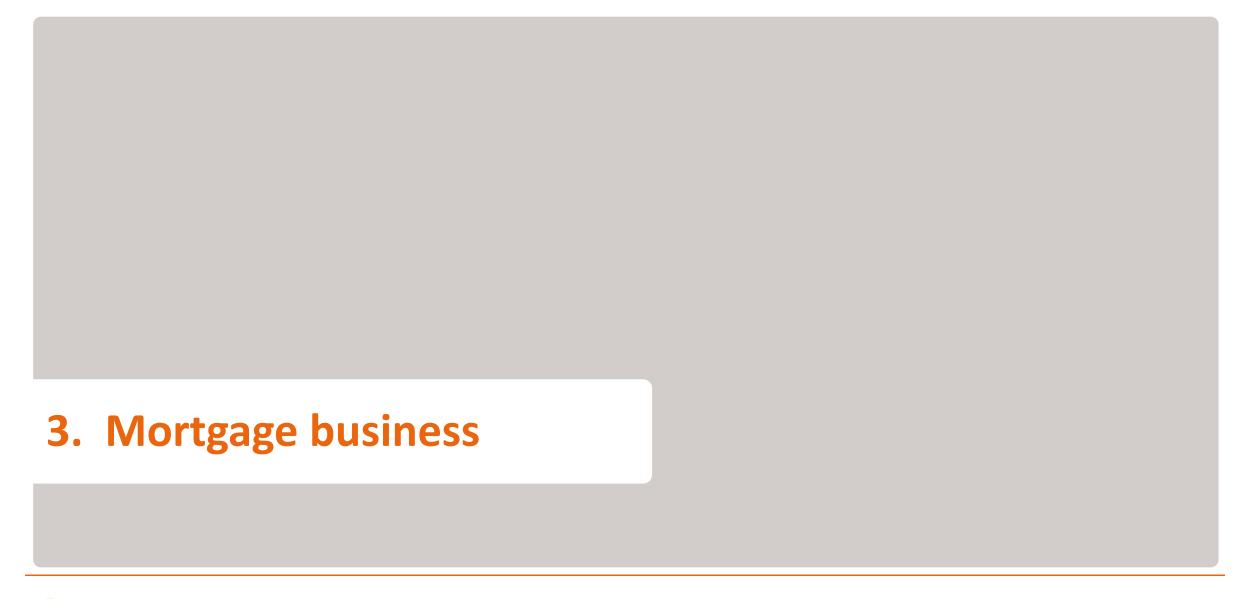
S&P Global

Ratings

"S&P Global Ratings' stable outlook on the Netherlands-based NN Bank N.V. mirrors the stable outlook on its parent, the Netherlandsbased multiline insurer NN Group N.V.

The stable outlook on NN Bank also reflects our expectation that the bank will remain a highly strategic subsidiary of NN Group over the next two years. Any rating action on NN Group would therefore result in a similar rating action on NN Bank" ¹



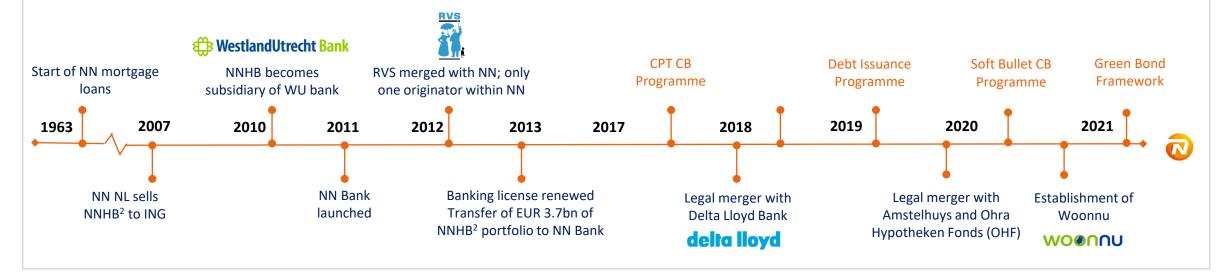




Long-standing history in mortgage business

Successful NN-labelled mortgage business can be traced back to 1963

- Nationale-Nederlanden was founded in 1845, and evolved as a well-known brand in the Netherlands
- In 1963, Nationale-Nederlanden started originating mortgage loans ('NN-labelled mortgage loans')¹
- NN Bank was launched in 2011 to take advantage of new banking opportunities in response to declining individual life insurance market
- Growth accelerated in 2013 with the acquisition of parts of WU Bank (within ING Bank), gaining product expertise and a solid banking platform
- On 1 January 2018, Delta Lloyd Bank was merged into NN Bank

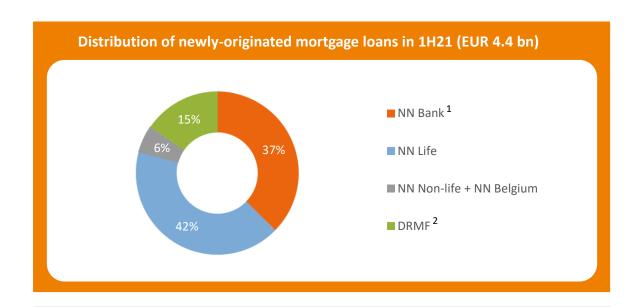


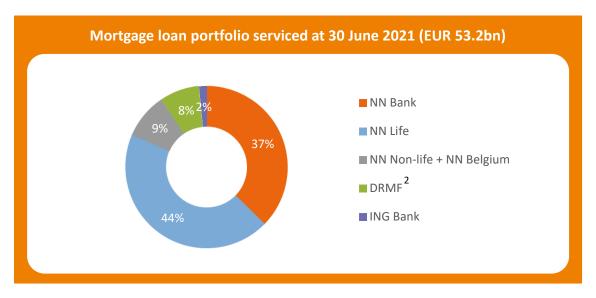


^{2.} NNHB (NN Hypotheek Bedrijf) is a mortgage book held by ING Bank



Distribution and servicing of mortgage loans





Offering attractive investment opportunities within NN Group

- In 1H21, EUR 4.4bn of mortgage loans were originated, stable compared with 1H20
- In 1H21, EUR 2.7bn of mortgage loans were transferred to other NN Group companies
- Mortgage loans seen as an attractive investment opportunity by these companies (buy and hold)

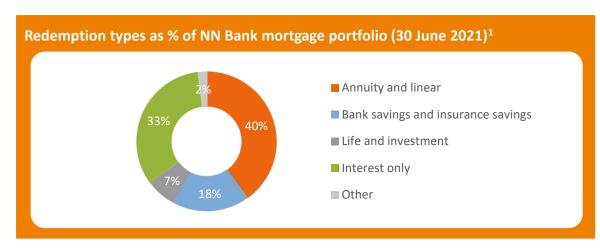
Servicing of mortgage loans within NN Group and for third parties

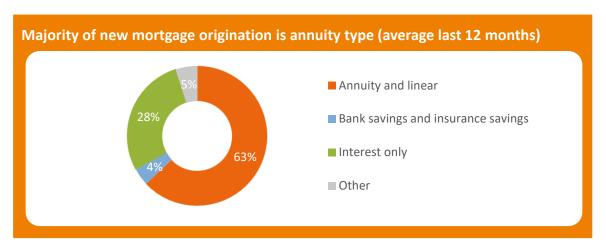
- NN Bank services over EUR 32bn of mortgage loans for other NN Group companies, NN Dutch Residential Mortgage Fund and ING Bank
- Monthly transfer of mortgage loans from ING Bank to NN Bank³
 (as at 30 June 2021, the size of NN-labelled mortgages held by ING Bank was EUR 0.8 bn)

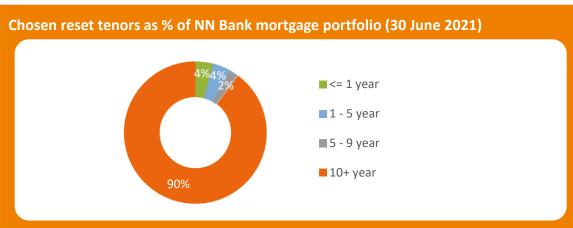


- 1. New origination of EUR 1.7bn (37% of EUR 4.4bn) for NN Bank in 1H21, the remainder is originated on behalf of NN Group companies and the NN Dutch Residential Mortgage Fund
- 2. NN Dutch Residential Mortgage Fund
- In line with transfer agreement, NN Bank purchases NN-labelled mortgage loans held by ING Bank (NNHB) at reset date

Amortising mortgage loans with long fixed reset tenors









1. Amortising mortgage types are annuity, linear, bank savings and insurance savings mortgage loans



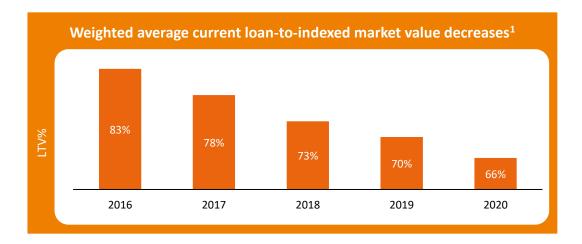
Strong historical mortgage loan performance

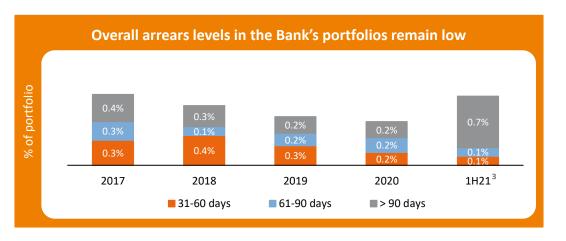
Trend towards lower LTV and higher (p)repayments ...

- LTV cap lowered by 1%-point p.a. from 105% in 2013 to 100% in 2018
- Lower average LTV due to higher amortisation and increased house prices (see also section on 'Dutch economy and housing market')
- Higher amortisation triggered by changes to tax deductibility, i.e. for new mortgage loans only annuity (or linear) loans are eligible
- Higher prepayments triggered by the accelerated reduction in tax deductibility in 2020-2023

... in combination with several other mitigating factors

- Strict underwriting under Code of Conduct and Dutch law
- Mortgage loan is typically the only debt of average Dutch household²
- High payment moral of Dutch borrower
- Strong legal and regulatory framework of full recourse, whereby lender has a secured claim to current and future wealth of the borrower
- Affordability (debt to income) is decisive in underwriting, not LTV level







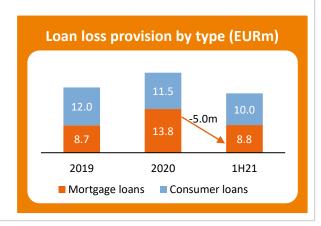
- 1. NN Bank mortgage portfolio
- 2. Total outstanding consumer credit volume (EUR 10.3bn) is 1.4% of total outstanding residential mortgage loan volume (EUR 756bn) in the Netherlands (CBS Statline, DNB, 2Q21)
 - Increase in delinquencies > 90 days is mainly a result of the implementation of the new regulatory guidelines on the definition of default as per 1 January 2021 whereby the counting of months past due is adjusted

Loan loss provisioning and stage classification

- On 1 January 2021, the new guidelines on the definition of default became effective
- The new definition of default has been applied as of 1 January 2021 in the stage classification, delinquency buckets and non-performing loan (NPL) ratio
- The new definition of default is also effective for the loan loss provisions calculation at year-end 2020

Loan loss provisions (LLP)

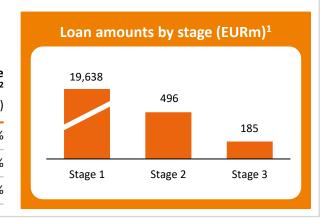
- In 1H21, the loan loss provisions for mortgages decreased by EUR 5.0m to EUR 8.8m mainly due to the increase in the housing price index during 1H21
- The decrease in the provision for consumer lending is mainly due to the decrease in the size of the portfolio
- The positive update in the macroeconomic forecast led to a further decease in provisions
- The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic was limited 1H21
- The LLP is the sum of Stage1, 2 and 3 provisions



Loans by stage

- NN Bank's credit risk exposure models are used to calculate:
 - the level of 12-month Expected Loss (Stage 1)
 - the Lifetime Expected Loss (Stage 2 and Stage 3)
- Mortgage loans with payment holidays are classified under IFRS 9 Stage 2
- Coverage ratio:

Stage	Loan loss provisions (EURm)	Loan amount (EURm)	Coverage ratio ² (%)
Stage 1	1.6	19,638	0%
Stage 2	2.5	496	1%
Stage 3	14.2	185	8%



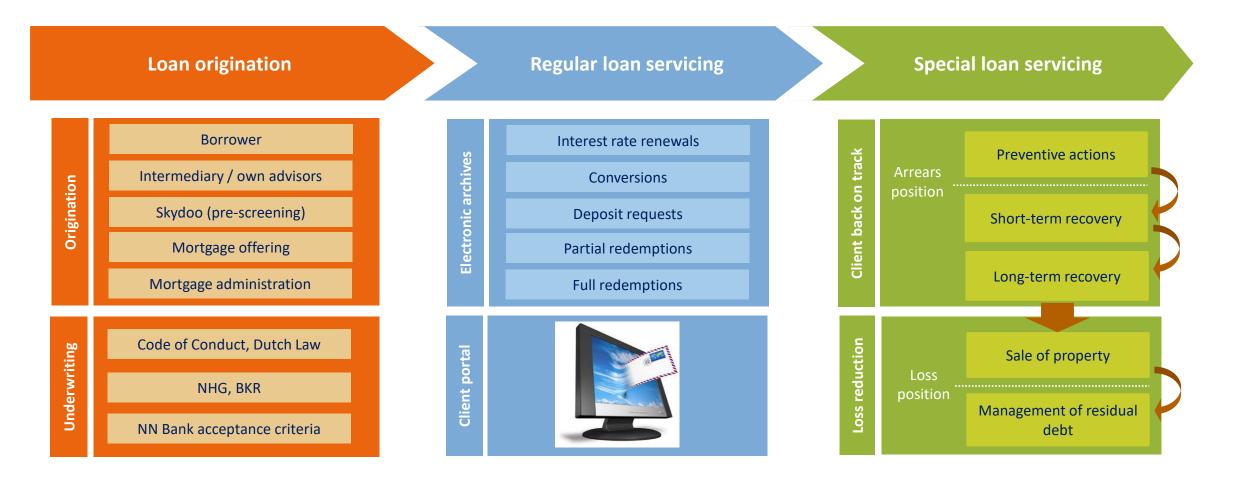


- 1. Total loan amounts per stage, i.e. including both mortgage and consumer loans, as at 30 June 2021
- 2. The coverage ratios are calculated as the Loan Loss Provisions in a certain IFRS 9 stage divided by the total outstanding loan amount in that respective stage





A Mortgage loans: origination and underwriting process¹





^{1.} Mortgage operations only related to the NN-labelled mortgage loans. Origination and servicing of Quion (HQ50), Delta Lloyd and Woonnu mortgage loans are not included here, since these are not eligible to the covered bond programme

A Mortgage loans: origination and underwriting criteria¹

All mortgage production is originated via intermediary channels

- NN Bank's mortgage origination network comprises over 1,700 active intermediaries
- Since 2012, intermediaries do not receive commission on new mortgage loan origination
- In 2014, NN Bank introduced Skydoo, an automatic pre-screening application:
 - 100% of intermediaries connected
 - handling time per application reduced by up to 70%
 - all pre-approved mortgage applications still subject to complete underwriting process

Intermediaries need to be licensed

- Dedicated team for initiating and maintaining contacts with intermediaries
- Both pro-active acquisition and reversed enquiry take place
- Intermediaries need to fulfil certain requirements, including a license in accordance with the Dutch Financial Services Act (Wet Financieel Toezicht) and a strategic long-term business plan
- Physical due diligence at premises of the intermediary

Screening of intermediaries

- Ongoing screening of performance of intermediaries
- Ad-hoc screening as required



^{1.} Underwriting criteria only related to the NN-labelled mortgage loans. Origination and servicing of Quion (HQ50), Delta Lloyd and Woonnu mortgage loans are not reflected here, since these are not eligible for the covered bond programme

A Mortgage loans: origination and underwriting criteria¹

Code of conduct

- NN Bank complies with the Financial Supervision Act, the Mortgage Credit Directive and special underwriting legislation ("Tijdelijke regeling hypothecair krediet")
- Affordability calculations are based on figures of the National Institute for Family Finance Information ("NIBUD")
- Loan-to-income and Debt-to-income ratios are compliant with Dutch Code of Conduct ("Gedragscode Hypothecaire Financiering")

Borrower criteria

- Credit history is checked in several registers (e.g. BKR and Fraud Register)
- Applicants registered at the National Credit Register (BKR) with a negative credit profile are rejected
- Specific underwriting criteria apply if one of the applicants has a non-EU nationality and is selfemployed
- Loan-to-income ratios conform to GHF (Code of Conduct)
- Self-certified income is not taken into account in the application process

Collateral criteria

- All properties must be located in the Netherlands
- Properties with a market value above
 EUR 1m in most cases have a maximum loan
 amount of 80% of the market value
- For collateral with market value below EUR 1m, maximum LTMV is 100% (since 2018)
- Full valuation is commonly used; WOZ reports only utilised for further advances



^{1.} Underwriting criteria only related to the NN-labelled mortgage loans. Origination and servicing of Quion (HQ50), Delta Lloyd and Woonnu mortgage loans are not reflected here, since these are not eligible to the covered bond programme

A Mortgage loans: limited impact of COVID-19

NN Bank's priorities are to safeguard the well-being of our employees and provide an uninterrupted service to our customers

Limited impact on NN Bank

- The impact of COVID-19 on the Dutch mortgage market has been limited so far
- NN Bank has granted a payment holiday to 524 mortgage loan customers (0.8% of the mortgage book) since the start of the pandemic
- 88% of these customers had recovered as at 30 June 2021



Payment holidays

- Payment holidays (postponement of payments) are offered on an individual basis to borrowers who face temporary payment difficulties on their mortgage loans or consumer loans
- NN Bank allows borrowers to defer making payments for a limited period: typically 3
 months, with a maximum of 6 months
- Mortgage loans with payment holidays are classified under IFRS 9 Stage 2

Other measures taken

- NN Bank is following the recommendations of the Dutch government with nearly all of our employees working from home and only employees in essential functions working from our office locations
- Sufficient (back-up) liquidity and funding alternatives have been put in place, hence for the foreseeable future no significant difficulties are expected in refinancing
- Additional (temporary) measures have been implemented regarding the origination of mortgage loans, e.g. additional questions on income for employees and self-employed
- No final dividend over 2019 was proposed and no interim dividend over 2020 was paid. NN Bank paid a limited final dividend over 2020 of EUR 12.0m, in line with the ECB and DNB recommendations¹



1. NN Bank followed the recommendation issued by the ECB in view of the current COVID-19 situation to refrain from dividend payments until 1 January 2021. See also 'Dividend policy' under the section on capital

B NN Bank funding programmes

Secured funding (collateralised by prime Dutch residential mortgage portfolios)

<u>Soft Bullet Covered Bond Programme</u>

- EUR 7.5bn programme, of which EUR 1.75bn issued
- Registered with the Dutch Central Bank
- Base Prospectus last updated on 29 June 2021

Conditional Pass-Through Covered Bond Programme

- EUR 5.0bn programme, of which EUR 2.6bn issued
- Registered with the Dutch Central Bank
- No further issuance is expected to take place

RMBS² Programmes

- Hypenn RMBS series, with collateral originated by NN Life & NN Bank
- Arena RMBS series, with collateral originated by former Amstelhuys (Delta Lloyd)

Unsecured funding

Debt Issuance Programme (EMTN1)

- EUR 5.0bn programme, of which EUR 1.5bn of senior preferred issued
- Allows for issuance of senior preferred (SP), senior non-preferred (SNP) and subordinated debt
- Base prospectus last updated on 15 October 2020; 1st Supplement dated 7 June 2021; 2nd Supplement dated 9 September 2021

Programme documentation, investor reports and credit ratings

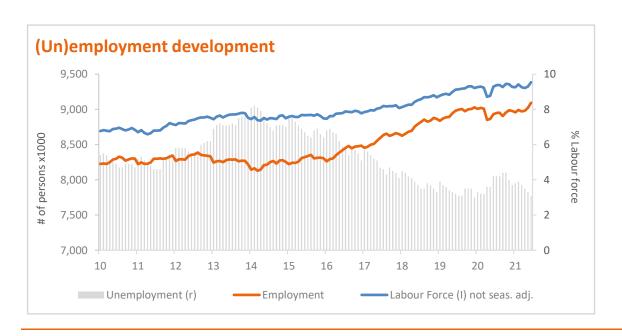
- Website: https://www.nn-group.com/investors/nn-bank.htm
- Covered Bonds: <u>DACB</u>, <u>coveredbondlabel</u>
- RMBS: dutchsecuritisation
- Bloomberg: NNGRNV Corp

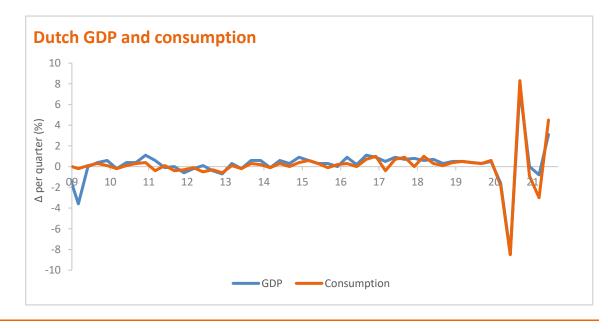


- Euro Medium Term Notes
- 2. Residential Mortgage Backed Securities

C Dutch economy and housing market

- The extensive government support measures since the start of COVID-19 ensured a solid rebound of GDP in H2 2020 (+7.7 percent). The Dutch economy is expected to grow by 2.1% in 2021 and 3.7% in 2022, compared to the 3.8% contraction in 2020.
- The recovery will depend on the speed of the vaccination rollout and when restrictions are ultimately lifted.
- According to Statistics Netherlands (CBS), in June 2021 3.2% of the labour force in the Netherlands was unemployed. For 2021 and 2022 a gradual rise in unemployment is expected with a peak of 4.7% in Q2 2022, but this is still relatively limited in historical terms.







Sources:

- CBS, Land Registry, Dutch Housing Market Quarterly Rabobank and Economic Update Rabobank, unless stated otherwise
- RaboResearch: 'Dutch economy may return to pre-crisis level by end of this year' (15 March 2021), 'Housing shortage and low interest rates are driving up house prices' (15 March 2021) and 'Double-digit growth expected for Dutch house prices in 2021' (11 June 2021)

Measures taken by Government to support economy¹

"NOW 4"

<u>Temporary Emergency Scheme for Job</u> Retention

- "NOW 4" will be in place up to and including the end of September 2021
- Payroll subsidy to compensate for up to 80% of a company's payroll (this was 85% under "NOW 3")
- Demonstrated revenue loss must be at least 20% (in line with "NOW 1", "NOW 2" and "NOW 3")
- "NOW 1" ran from 1 March 2020 to 1 June 2020, followed by "NOW 2" from 1 June 2020 to 1 October 2020 and "NOW 3" from 1 October 2020 to 1 June 2021. "NOW 1", "NOW 2" and "NOW 3" are closed

"TOZO 5"

Temporary self-employment income support

- Temporary social assistance "bijstand" until 30 September 2021 for selfemployed professionals ("ZZP-ers") to bridge income loss. Income topped up to EUR 1,541 net per month for families (EUR 1,079 for singles)
- Income-tested (including that of spouse)
- "TOZO 5" has started from 1 July 2021 onwards and will run until 30 September 2021

"TVL"

Reimbursement Fixed Costs Scheme for companies

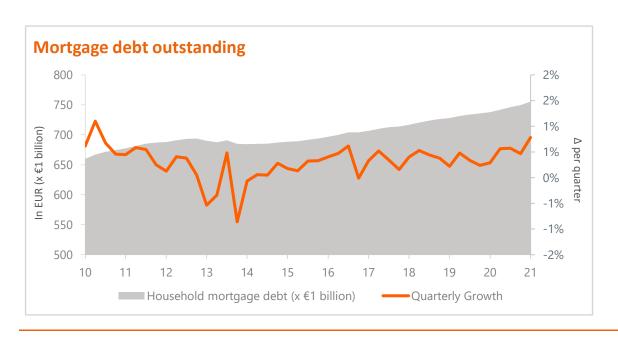
- Compensation for affected companies (as per Q1 2021: regardless of company size) for fixed costs other than wage costs applicable until 30 September 2021
- Demonstrated revenue loss must be at least 30%
- Total compensation percentage is 100%. The maximum compensation amount is EUR 550,000 for SMEs and EUR 600,000 for larger companies
- Additional "TVL" stock support for closed retail businesses
- Extra TVL support for events and hospitality businesses

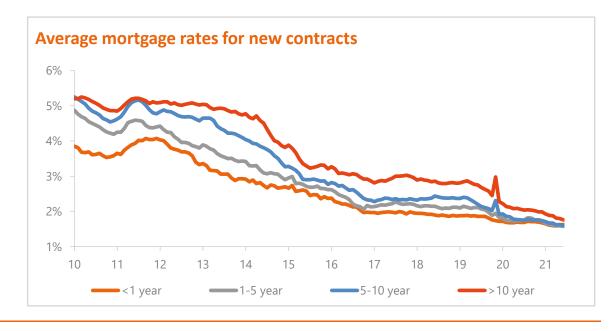
Other Measures

- Tax payment extension for companies until 30 September 2021
- Expansion of government SME loan guarantee scheme (BKMB-C)
- Extension of the loan (state) guarantee system (GO-C)
- Compensation for new loan guarantee facility for smaller companies (KKC)
- "TONK": support for self-employed persons, not entitled to other schemes



- Despite the impact of COVID-19 Dutch house prices for the year 2021 are expected to outpace last year's average of 7.8%. The main drivers will be the continuing supply shortages, the low interest rate environment and the improvement in economic outlook since year-end 2020. As a result, house prices are expected to increase by 10.9% in 2021 and 4.6% in 2022
- Provided income requirements are met homebuyers in the Netherlands have access to cheap(er) finance and can take out higher mortgages and therefore bid more for a property. Mortgage rates which are partially driven by capital market rates are expected to remain low in 2021



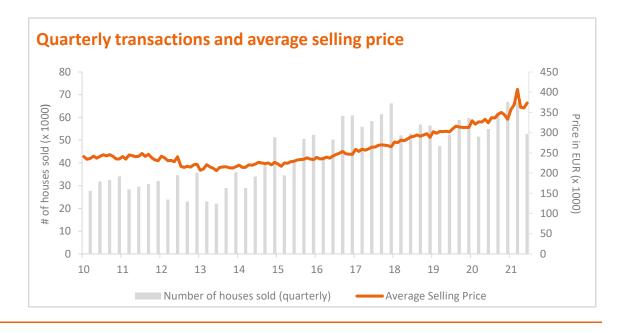




- CBS, Land Registry, Dutch Housing Market Quarterly Rabobank and Economic Update Rabobank, unless stated otherwise
- RaboResearch: 'Dutch economy may return to pre-crisis level by end of this year' (15 March 2021) and 'Double-digit growth expected for Dutch house prices in 2021' (11 June 2021)

- When comparing Q2 2021 figures with Q2 2020, the Dutch house price index increased by 13% for Netherlands, with the sharpest increases recorded outside the 'Randstad' in the less urbanized provinces. Among the 12 provinces, the highest increase was recorded in Flevoland (16.8%)
- Despite COVID-19, 234,000 transactions are likely to be recorded for the full year 2021. It is expected that 2022 (218,000) figures will likely be lower as the housing supply remains limited
- According to the Land Registry the average Dutch selling price in March was EUR 407,014 in March 2021 meaning an increase of nearly 25% when compared to March 2020



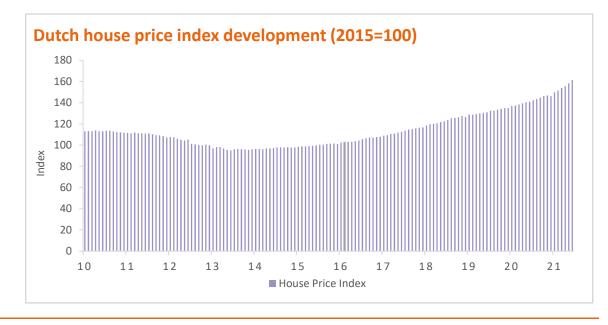




- CBS, Land Registry, Dutch Housing Market Quarterly Rabobank and Economic Update Rabobank, unless stated otherwise
- RaboResearch: 'Housing shortage and low interest rates are driving up house prices' (15 March 2021) and 'Double-digit growth expected for Dutch house prices in 2021 (11 June 2021)

- House prices increased almost every year since the start of the recovery of the Dutch Housing Market in 2014, the period from Q2 2021 was no exception to this.
- In 2021 further relaxation of lending criteria were introduced. Since this year, house buyers younger than 35 years are exempt from paying transfer tax (from 1 April, this exemption will be capped for houses sold with a maximum of EUR 400,000). Next to that, the government relaxed lending criteria for households with a double-income and for those with student loans. The additional financing space created by this will contribute to buyers making higher offers resulting in upward price movement in 2021

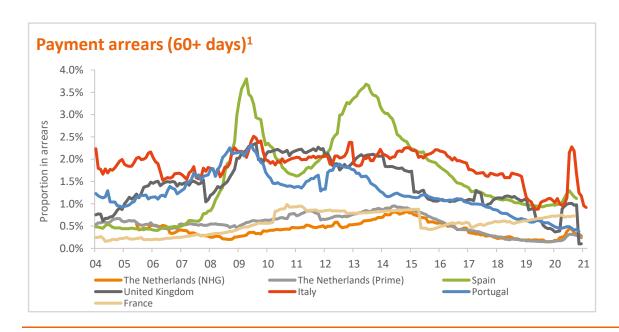


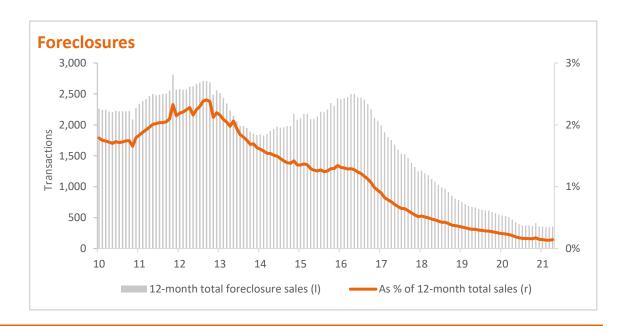




- CBS, Land Registry, Dutch Housing Market Quarterly Rabobank and Economic Update Rabobank, unless stated otherwise
- RaboResearch: 'Housing shortage and low interest rates are driving up house prices' (15 March 2021) and 'Double-digit growth expected for Dutch house prices in 2021' (11 June 2021)

- In Europe, the mortgage payment arrears have been declining over the last couple of years. This trend was halted due to COVID-19, which caused an increase in arrears. The Netherlands has the lowest level of arrears in Europe since 2014
- There is a trend of declining public auctions since 2012 that continued during 2020 and the first half year of 2021. This decline shows both an improvement of
 payment behaviour, and a sign that banks supervise home-owners who have fallen in arrears more closely
- As shown in the graph below, the Netherlands continues to perform well in terms of forced sales and the level of payment arrears compared to other European countries. Historically the Netherlands show low and stable proportions of payment arrears







- CBS, Land Registry, Dutch Housing Market Quarterly Rabobank and Economic Update Rabobank, unless stated otherwise
- Moody's RMBS Performance update

Soft Bullet covered bond programme launched in 2020 ...

- In June 2020 NN Bank established a EUR 7.5bn Soft Bullet Programme, which was officially registered with the Dutch Central Bank on 17 June 2020
- This Soft Bullet Programme supports future growth and:
 - Further diversifies the debt investor base;
 - Enhances flexibility with respect to long bond tenors
- NN Bank debuted with a 10 years EUR 500m SB in July 2020
- A total amount of EUR 1.75bn has been issued under the Soft Bullet Programme
- Soft Bullet is NN Bank's main secured funding source

... to replace Conditional Pass-Through as main secured funding source

- In 2017 NN Bank established its CPT¹ Programme in order to replace RMBS as the primary source of funding and to further diversify its funding
- NN Bank has completed seven CPT CB transactions, raising a total current outstanding funding amount of EUR 2.6bn
- NN Bank has successfully run the CPT Programme:
 - Robust reporting infrastructure ensures timely and smooth investor reporting;
 - All regulatory requirements met; and
 - Annual internal audits have always had sufficient opinions



Robust structure Nationale-Nederlanden Bank Issuer **Programme size** EUR 7.5bn Soft bullet structure Type of issuance Dual recourse to the issuer and CBC1 Extension period: 12 months Covered bonds have target ['AAA'] rating by S&P **External ratings** NN Bank long-term credit rating 'A-' by S&P (stable outlook) Regulatory minimum OC of 5% **Over Collateralisation** Asset Percentage 96.5% Current OC of 8.5%3 No hedging instrument included at closing (optional) **Interest rate/ Hedging** Minimum Interest Rate of 1.0% High quality Dutch residential mortgage loans All cover assets are NN-labelled and originated by NN Bank and NN Life⁴ Cover assets 27.3% of the cover pool benefits from an NHG guarantee³ Cover pool's weighted average CLTOMV is 77.0%3

Regulatory treatment for investors

- Dutch law and Dutch Central Bank registered
- UCITS and CRR article 129 compliant
- LCR eligible (level 1)
- Solvency II friendly
- ECB repo eligible

Transparency

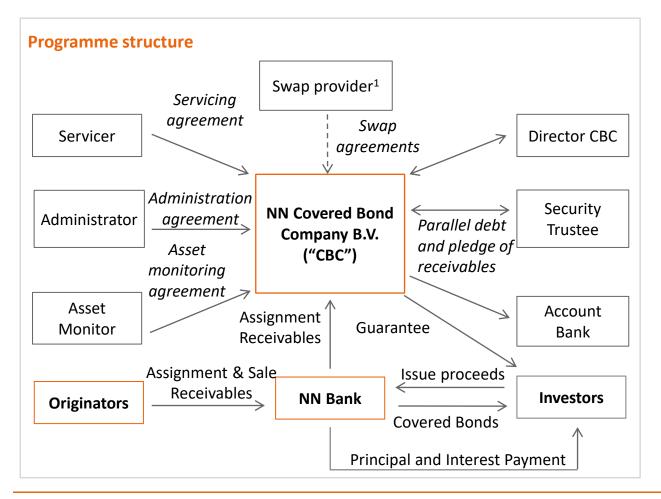
- National Transparency Template (NTT) and Harmonised Transparency Template (HTT) available on corporate website and dedicated portals
- Member of the Dutch Association of Covered Bond Issuers (DACB)²
- Covered Bond Label and HTT Reporting from ECBC







- 1. Covered Bond Company
- 2. The DACB was established in January 2011, with the aim of strengthening the market and product offering of Dutch covered bonds through among other things improving transparency and standardisation. More information can be found at www.dacb.nl
- . Based on NN Bank's cover pool with cut-off date 30 June 2021
- 4. Quion (HQ50) and Delta Lloyd originated mortgage loans are not included in the pool



Key transaction parties			
Originators	NN Bank and NN Life ²		
Transferor, Issuer	NN Bank		
Servicer	NN Bank		
Administrator	NN Bank		
Guarantor	NN Covered Bond Company B.V.		
Director CBC	Intertrust		
Security Trustee	Stichting Security Trustee NN Covered Bond Company		
Stichting Holding	Stichting Holding NN Covered Bond Company		
Arranger	Rabobank		
Asset Monitor	KPMG		
CBC Account Bank	BNG Bank N.V.		
Rating Agency	Standard & Poor's		



^{2.} Mortgage loans that have been originated by NN Life and are held on NN Bank's balance sheet

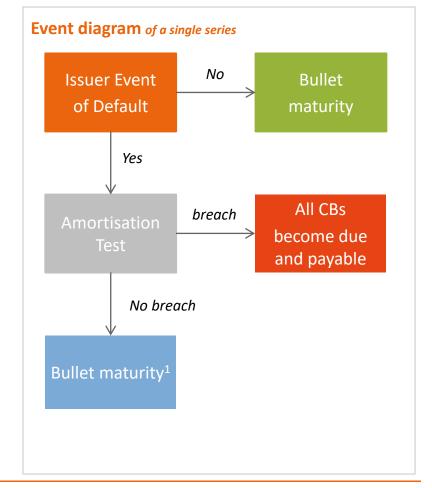


Mechanism - going concern

- Under going-concern conditions, the covered bonds (CBs) are bullet securities due on the Final
 Maturity Date and the Issuer will ensure the coupon and principal payments to the investors
- The Asset Cover Test (ACT) guarantees that the cover pool meets the minimum OC requirements

After an Issuer Event of Default

- The ACT will be replaced by the Amortisation Test
- If on the Final Maturity Date of the CB an Issuer Event of Default takes place and the CBC has
 insufficient funds to redeem the CBs, this does not trigger a CBC Event of Default
- At such time the Final Maturity Date is extended for a period of maximum 12 months
- During this extension period the administrator undertakes to sell (a part of) the cover pool and uses the proceeds thereof to (partially) repay the specific CB series on every Interest Payment Date within this period
- If the structure has insufficient funds to repay a specific series on the Extended Due for Payment Date, this will trigger a CBC default and result in all CBs becoming due and payable
- A breach of the Amortisation Test would also constitute a CBC Event of Default and results in all CBs becoming due and payable





1. Assuming the structure has sufficient funds available to redeem the CB on the Final Maturity Date. In the event of insufficient funds, the maturity date will be extended with a maximum of up to 12 months

E Corporate history

NN Group **1845** - De Nederlanden established as a fire insurance company 1863 - De Nationale Levensverzekering-Bank founded as a Dutch life insurance company 1963 - The two biggest Dutch insurers at the time – De Nederlanden and De Nationale – merge to form Nationale-Nederlanden 1991 - Nationale-Nederlanden and NMB Postbank Group merge to form ING Groep N.V. nationale nederlanden 2013 - ING Insurance's mortgage business is concentrated within NN Bank 2014 - As of 1 March 2014, ING Insurance rebranded to NN Group ING 2014 - NN Group listed on Euronext Amsterdam on 2 July 2014 INSURANCE 2017 - NN Group completes acquisition of Delta Lloyd Group in April 2017 2018 - Legal mergers of Delta Lloyd Bank with NN Bank and Delta Lloyd AM with NNIP, effective on 1 January 2018 2019 - Legal mergers of Delta Lloyd Life with NN Life and Delta Lloyd Non-Life with NN Non-Life, effective on 1 January 2019 **2020** - NN Group completes acquisition of VIVAT Non-life in April 2020 2021 - NN Group announces the sale of NN Investment Partners to Goldman Sachs Group



E Corporate history

NN Bank 2011 – NN Bank launched as a savings bank to take advantage of opportunities in the Dutch banking market and respond to the declining individual life insurance market **WestlandUtrecht Bank** 2013 – Growth accelerated via the acquisition of selected parts of ING Bank (WestlandUtrecht Bank), predominantly retail mortgage loans and savings¹ delta lloyd 2018 – Legal merger of NN Bank and Delta Lloyd Bank effective on 1 January 2018, following nationale NN Group's acquisition of Delta Lloyd Group in 2017 nederlanden 2020 - Launch of Woonnu WOONNU



Source: NN Group

1. As a result of the state aid received by ING Group in 2008/2009, the European Commission imposed remedies on ING, leading to the transformation of NN Bank into an independent and viable competitor in the Dutch retail banking market, to be divested with NN Group

F Glossary

Abbreviation	Definition	Abbreviation	Definition
ACT	Asset Cover Test	LLP	Loan Loss Provisioning
AT	Amortisation Test	LCR	Liquidity Coverage Ratio
AFM	Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets	LTV	Loan-to-Value
APE	Annual Premium Equivalent	MCD	Mortgage Credit Directive
AuM	Assets under Management	MREL	Minimum Requirement for Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities
BKR	Dutch Office for Credit Registration	NHG	Dutch National Mortgage Guarantee
C/I	Cost / Income Ratio	NNHB	NN Hypotheek Bedrijf N.V.
СВ	Covered Bond	NOW	Temporary emergency bridging measures for employment
CBC	Covered Bond Company	NSFR	Net Stable Funding Ratio
CET	Common Equity Tier	NTT	National Transparency Template
COLI	Corporate-Owned Life Insurance	OC	Over-Collateralisation
CPT(CB)	Conditional Pass-Through (Covered Bonds)	RMBS	Residential Mortgage-Backed Security
CRDIV	Capital Requirements Directive IV	RoE	Return on Equity
CRR	Capital Requirements Regulation	RVS	Rotterdamse Verzekering Sociëteiten
DACB	Dutch Association of Covered Bonds Issuers	RWA	Risk weighted assets
DGS	Deposit Guarantee Scheme	SB(CB)	Soft Bullet (Covered bonds)
DNB	Dutch Central Bank	SNP	Senior non-preferred
DRMF	Dutch Residential Mortgage Fund	SP	Senior preferred
DSA	Dutch Securitisation Association	TCR	Total Capital Ratio
ECB	European Central Bank	UCITS	Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities
ECBC	European Covered Bond Council	VNB	Value of New Business
FTE	Full-time Equivalent	WA CLTOMV	Weighted Average Current Loan to Original Market Value
GHF	Code of Conduct Mortgage Loans	WA CLTOMV (indexed)	Weighted Average Current Loan to Indexed Original Market Value
HDN	Hypotheek Data Network	WEW	Stichting Waarborgfonds Eigen Woningen
НТТ	Harmonised Transparency Template	WU Bank	WestlandUtrecht Bank



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